# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS)

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name

Gauges and measuring elements [S1Mech1>CiEP]

Course			
Field of study Mechatronics	Year/S 2/4	Semester	
Area of study (specialization) –	Profile genera	e of study ral academic	
Level of study first-cycle	Course offered in polish		
Form of study full-time		Requirements compulsory	
Number of hours			
Lecture 15	Laboratory classes 15	Other (e.g. online) 0	
Tutorials 0	Projects/seminars 0		
Number of credit points 2,00			
Coordinators	Lecturers		

## Prerequisites

Students beginning this subject should have knowledge of mathematical analysis and statistics, technical drawing and machine parts.

## Course objective

To acquaint students with theoretical basics of processing of measurement signals, spectral analysis and filtering of measurement signals, mathematical description of measuring transducers in static and dynamic states. Students gain knowledge about the physical operation principles of selected transducers. Acquire the ability to select transducers and metrological parameters for specific measurement tasks

#### Course-related learning outcomes

#### Knowledge:

1. Student should be familiar with the physical and mathematical foundations of sensors used in mechatronics.

2. The student should characterize the basic features and principles of operation and operation of sensors and transducers used in mechatronics.

3. Student should define the basic directions of development of measurement sensors in mechatronics.

1. Student is able to analyze the measurement task for the required metrological properties of the transducer.

2. The student is able to formulate the basic principles of proper operation of the measuring transducers.

- 3. Student is able to choose measuring transducers for the selected technical applications.
- 4. Student is able to propose alternative measuring techniques and elements for their realization.

Social competences:

1. Student understands the need for lifelong learning; He can inspire and organize the learning process of others.

2. Student is able to cooperate in a group.

3. The student is able to interact with specialists in other fields of science and technology.

#### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

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Lecture: Passing on the basis of a colloquium consisting of 2 general and 3 specific questions or a selection test of 40 questions, conducted at the end of the semester.

Laboratory: Passed on the basis of a written answer in the scope of content. Performed the laboratory exercises according to the program established by the teacher with a positive grade of the reports on the six exercises prepared according to the subject matter. In order to get a credit for the laboratories, all exercises must be passed.

## Programme content

Lecture:

The role and importance of measuring transducers in mechatronics. Signals and their mathematical description. Frequency analysis of measuring signals. Physical and mathematical models of sensors and transducers. Static and dynamic characteristics, quality criteria, static and dynamic errors. Principle of operation, characteristics, construction systems and use of selected sensors and transducers (force, pressure, dimensions, angle, temperature). Calibration of measuring transducers. Operation principle, parameters and application of switches in mechatronics. Assessment of metrological properties of switches. Smart transmitters. Development directions of sensors and transducers. Laboratory:

Laboratory exercises of the above topics.

## **Teaching methods**

1. Lecture: multimedia presentation, illustrated with examples given on the board.

2. Laboratory exercises: performing the tasks given by the teacher - practical exercises.

#### Bibliography

Basic

1. J. Piotrowski, Pomiary – czujniki i metody pomiarowe wybranych wielkości fizycznych i składu chemicznego. WNT, Warszawa 2009.

2. M. Miłek, Metrologia wielkości nieelektrycznych. Oficyna Wydawnicza Uniwersytetu Zielonogórskiego. Zielona Góra 2006.

3. Cz. Jermak, Przetworniki pomiarowe. Materiały pomocnicze do laboratorium. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej. Poznań, 2009

Additional

1. S. Tumański, Technika pomiarowa. WNT, Warszawa 2007.

#### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	50	2,00
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	30	1,20
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/ tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation)	20	0,80